

The last Visigoth king  
RODERIC was defeated in  
711 by the MOORS who thus  
ended the Visigothic kingdom

The power of the Visigoths in Spain was completely broken by the SARACENS.

711

Kingdom of Toledo (Visigoths)

Arab invasion ends the  
Visigothic Kingdom.

July 26, 711

1912 Dates J-BK

XERES, so. Spain

At Xeres (Jerez de la Frontera) in southern Spain, a battle was fought between the Visigoths and Saracens, in which the Saracens were victorious.

At close of 11<sup>th</sup> century the Moors (711)  
crossed over into Spain (from Africa)  
and as the sect known as ALMORAVIDES  
swept away the last kingdoms which  
had arisen on the ruins of the caliphate  
of Cordova. In about 1/2 century their  
kingdom fell to pieces and the Moorish  
sect ALMOHADES became dominant  
in Morocco and Spain.

Fell to Charles Martel 732 n.s. Spain

Established Umayyad emirate  
(later Caliphate) at Córdoba

711

1912 Dates J-BK

The Vandals joined their conquerors  
the Moors in the attack on Spain.  
In the 10th century, the Moors were  
supreme in Northwestern Africa.

711

1912 Dates. J-BK

MOORS

The Arabs conquered and converted the  
Visigoths after a severe struggle in  
the 8th century



Muslim leader TARIK's victory  
in the battle of GUADALETE (Spain)  
ended the Visigothic Kingdom  
and inaugurated the Moorish  
history of SPAIN

711

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Sensors crossed to SPAIN.

711-713

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Philippicus was Byzantine Emperor

711 to 843 ±

Byzantine money

Each gold pound = 72 gold NOMISMA

1 gold NOMISMA = 12 silver MILIARESIA  
= 24 KERATIA

1 MILIARESION = 24 COPPER FOLLEIS

The Arabs entered Spain and were  
soon masters of the kingdom.

they spread across the PYRENEES  
even to the LOIRE

712-744

1912 Dates J-BK

Lombards

LIUTPRAND was King.

He raised the Lombards to highest  
prosperity

712 AD

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The KOSHIKI or Records of Ancient Matters was completed 712 A.D. It records the most ancient mythology, legends and traditional history of Japan.

The book is a pseudo-historical account of lives and deeds of Japan's rulers.

AD 712

West Asia

Arabs conquer Sindh and Samarkand



712

Koteiba take Samarkand.

712

Koblen captured Samarkand

712

1912 Dates J-BK

TOLEDO, Spain

In central Spain. Was taken by the  
SARACENS. Alfonso I. of Castile  
succeeded in capturing it May 25-  
1085.

712 AD

Seaborne expeditions of Arabs (Dolan)  
conquered the SIND valley of northwestern  
India in 712 and soon dominated  
the Indian Ocean.

713

Fall of Philippos, Anastasius II  
becomes Emperor

713

China.

Accession of Tung Chi to 763  
40 yrs of prosperity

713-715

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Anastasius II was Byzantine Emperor.

Charles Mortel was mayor  
of the place.



714-741

1912 Dates J-BK

Franks

Charles Martel is major domus.

714

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France, Carolingian Dynasty  
PEPIN, Mayor of the Palace

714

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By 714, the 7000 Berbers conquered the whole of Spain & Portugal except for the small northeastern Kingdom of ASTURIAS.

AD 714

Camels and zeal carried the Arabs across the deserts like sand-shoos, and they fell upon Syria, Palestine, and Egypt. By AD 714 the Arab empire stretched from Spain, via northern Africa and Iran, to northwestern India, and many non-Arabs had adhered to Islam. While the Muslims expanded 3000 kilometers east from Mecca, the Chinese

extended their empire three thousand kilometers west from their core domain, and armies of the two superpowers collided in the heart of Asia, at the TALAS River

715-741

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France Carolingian Dynasty  
Charles MARTEL, Mayor of the Palace